

1st Year English Class Teacher: Amalia Chompi

School Year: 2023-24

Class: Date: Name:

Worksheet 9: C/B p. 31_B

UNIT 3: On ...duty

Grammar (Time Clauses)

Study the notes and then do the tasks that follow them.



They had booked tickets before they went to the cinema. They will go home when the film is over



when - as - while - before - after - since - until/till whenever - as long as - by the time - as soon as the moment that - no sooner ... than - hardly ... when - once - immediately - the first/last/next time etc.

When the time clause precedes the main clause, a comma is used.

9.g.	Whenever	he is i	n town,	he vis	sits us.	
	time	clause	e	main	clause	

He visits us whenever he is in town.

rie visita i	us will	niever	116 13		Own.
main cla	use	time	clau	se	

Sequence of Tenses

Time clauses follow the rule of the sequence of tenses. That is, when the verb of the main clause is in a present or future form, the verb of the time clause is in a present form. When the verb of the main clause is in a past form, the verb of the time clause is in a past form too.

Main clause		Time clause
present / future / imperative	*	present simple or present perfect
She takes off her shoes	the m	oment that she gets

I'll call you as soon as I get to my hotel

Turn off the lights before you leave.

past simple / past simple or past perfect past perfect

He took a shower after he had finished painting the room.

They had reserved a table before they went to the restaurant.

Time Conjunctions

ago - before

ago = before now

e.g. My parents got married twenty years ago. (= twenty years before now)

before = before a past time

- e.g. Helen and Mike got married last month. They had met six months before. (= six months before last month)
- until/till by the time
- until/till = up to the time when
- e.g. You must stay in the office until/till you finish/have finished the report
 - (= up to the time when you finish the report) They'll be at their summer house until/till Sunday. (= up to Sunday)

by the time + clause = not later than the moment something happens

e.g. I will have set the table by the time you come home. (= before, not later than the moment you come home)

by = not later than

e.g. I'll let you know my decision by Friday. (= not later than Friday)

Note: a) not ... until/till

e.g. I won't have finished my work until/till/ before Thursday

b) Both until/till and before can be used to

say how far away a future event is. e.g. There's only one week until/till/before my summer holidays.

- during while/as
 - during + noun = in the time period
 - e.g. We learnt several interesting facts during the lecture.

while/as + clause = in the time period

- e.g. We learnt several interesting facts while/as we were listening to the lecture.
- when = (time conjunction) + present tense
 - e.g. We'll order some pizzas when our friends get here. when = (question word) + will/would

e.g. I'm not sure when his next book will be published.

Practice

1

Fill in the gaps with by, until, while, before, hardly ... when, as soon as, when, as long as or by the time.

- 1 You can keep those CDs for ... as long as ... you like.
- I can't do any washing the washing machine is repaired.
- We saw the smoke we turned into our street.
- 4 We had gone to bed there was a knock at the door.
- 5 Sarah parked the car Paul dashed into the bank.
- 6 I have to finish these letters I can leave the office.
- 7 Wait here I get back.
- 8 I was washing my hair the phone rang.
- 9 You must be home eleven o'clock tonight.
- 10 Sue reached the bank, it had closed.



- 1 A: I must tell Steve the good news.
- B: Don't worry. I ...'ll tell... (tell) him when I ...ecc.. (see) him.
- 2 A: How did your tear your dress?
- B: I (step) on it as I (get) out of the car.
- 3 A: Have you finished with the newspaper?
- B: Almost. You can have it after I (read) the sports section.
- 4 A: When will they announce the results?
 B: They (not/announce) them until they (mark) all the papers.
- 5 A: When did you realise you had been burgled? B: I knew it the moment I (arrive) home.
- 6 A: You should be in bed by now.
- 7 A: Has your boss signed the contract yet?
- B: No. I'm not sure when he (sign) it.
- 8 A: Have you spoken to Uncle John? B: Yes. I (phone) him before I
- 9 A: Did your friends organise a surprise party for your birthday?
- 10 A: Do you see Catherine very often?
- B: We meet whenever she (have) the time.
 11 A: Can I borrow your dictionary, please?
- B: You can have it once I (finish) with it.
- A: Has Lee cleaned his room yet?
 B: No, but he will have done it by the time Mum (get) home.



Underline the appropriate time phrases and put the verbs into the correct tense.

- 1 I'll call you while/the moment I ...get ... (get) home.

- 4 Once/Before he (read) the manual, he knew how to operate the machine.
- 5 I was doing the ironing during/while he (wash) the car.
- 7 I'll write to you as soon as/immediately I
- (have) the results. 8 I got to the station *till/just* as the train
- (pull in).
 We won't move to a new house since/before the children (leave) school.



Complete each sentence with two to five words, including the word in bold.

- As soon as he woke up, he jumped out of bed. moment He jumped out of bed ...the moment he woke... up.
- - I had no sooner entered the house than the phone rang.
 - hardly I had the phone rang. Simon hurt his leg climbing a tree.
- 5 We can't go. We have to wait for the taxi to arrive. until We can't go arrives.
- We opened the gate. The dog ran towards us. sooner We had than the dog ran towards us.
- 7 The shop will open at nine o'clock. The staff will have come in to work by then.

time The staff will have come in to work

- Moira bought the ring only after she had made sure it was solid gold.
 - before Moira made sure the ring was solid gold it.
- 9 Her phone card ran out during her conversation with her mother.